

# **Safety Data Sheet**

Crown Lamp Oil - Clear

# **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Crown Lamp Oil - Clear

SDS number: CR.LOC

Synonym(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Isoparaffinic hydrocarbons

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: None specified

Uses advised against: None specified

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor

SolvChem. Inc.

Consumer Products Division

1904 Mykawa Road

Pearland, TX 77581-3210 USA

1-281-485-1458

1.4 Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA) CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666 (Canada)

# **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 4 [H227] Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 [H304] Acute Toxicity, Inhalation - Category 4 [H332]

#### 2.2 Label elements

Signal word:

Hazard symbol(s):



Danger

GHS0

Hazard statement(s): H227 - Combustible liquid

H304- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

**Precautionary statements** 

[Response] P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surface. No smoking.

P301 + P331 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P304 + P340 + P311 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P261 - Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide for extinction.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

[Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin drying and cracking.

# 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (US)

Not applicable

# **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
100	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	265-149-8	649-422-00-2	H227, H304

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: May cause transient eye irritation with redness, itching, and discomfort. Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

**Skin:** May cause skin irritation with localized redness, itching, and discomfort. Prolonged and repeated contact with unprotected skin may cause drying and cracking of the skin or dermatitis.

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause headache, cough and shortness of breath. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, anesthesia, unconsciousness, and possible death due to respiratory failure.

**Ingestion:** Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression with headache, excitement, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, nausea, stupor, unconsciousness, and coma. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing lung inflammation and chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing, and rapid heart rate.

**Chronic**: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin, dermatitis, or aggravate existing skin conditions. Chronic inhalation may damage the central nervous system with symptoms parallel to those of acute inhalation. Impaired central nervous system functions from pre-existing disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to light petroleum products with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Administration of adsorbents such as activated charcoal may be of value. Gastric lavage may be effective when performed by a physician within 4 hours of ingestion. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting.

## **SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam, and dry chemical. Unsuitable methods of extinction: Water jets or streams may spread the fire.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid! Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

**Explosion hazards**: Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air.

# 5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Be aware that burning liquid may float on water. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

# **SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spill creates a slip hazard.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers, or waterways. Use water sparingly to

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minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach spill from upwind direction. DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g., skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal in accordance with local regulations.

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light is classified as oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and under the Oil Pollution Act (OPA). In the USA discharges or spills of material on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment, see Section 13.

# **SECTION 7 – STORAGE AND HANDLING**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food, and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residue. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder, grind, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep out of reach of children.

## 7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

# **SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number Ingredient		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
67472-47-8	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	100 ppm; 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		

# 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Hygiene measures:** Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

**Hand protection:** Wear gloves made of chlorinated polyethylene, urethane or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

**Skin protection:** Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean, fit, and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

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# **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid
Odor Mild; hydrocarbon
Odor Threshold No data available
Molecular Weight Not applicable
Chemical Formula No data available
pH No data available
Freezing/Melting Point - 49 °C (- 56.2 °F)

**Boiling Point Range** 192 - 210 °C (376 - 410 °F)

Evaporation Rate 0.03 [n-BuOAc = 1]
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flash Point 65 °C (149 °F) [Tag] Product does not sustain combustion.

Autoignition Temperature 220 °C (428 °F)

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) 0.6% (v) Upper Explosive Limit (UEL) 5.5% (v)

Vapor Pressure 0.54 mm Hg @ 20 °C

 Vapor Density
 4.5 [Air = 1]

 Specific Gravity
 0.783

**Density** 0.783 g/ml (6.53 lb/gal) @ 15.5 °C [ASTM D-287]

Viscosity, Kinematic

Solubility in Water

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Oxidizing Properties

Explosive Properties

1.34 cSt @ 40 °C

Negligible

log Pow = > 4

Not applicable

Not applicable

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C 100

9.2 Other Data

**Pour Point** - 51.1 °C (- 60 °F)

# **SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is stable under normal handling conditions and use.

# 10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, and contact with incompatible materials.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products include oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, hydrocarbon fragments, and toxic fumes and gases.

# **SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD<sub>50</sub>, rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

 $LC_{50}$ , rat: > 5.2 mg/l, 4 h [literature]

Acute dermal toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub>, rabbit: 2,000 - 4,000 mg/kg

Skin irritation

May cause skin irritation.

Eye irritation

May cause transient eye irritation.

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#### Sensitization

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

## Reproductive toxicity

No data available

## Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness, and dizziness.

## Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available.

#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

#### 11.2 Further information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to **light petroleum products** with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

This product contains no substances present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) that are identified as a probable possible, potential, or confirmed carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or OSHA. No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicates it causes adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1 Toxicity

This product is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The material is expected to be biodegradable.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light has the potential to bioaccumulate.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

## 12.6 Other effects

# Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to run into surface waters, wastewater, or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

## **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Methods of disposal:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis) RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

# <u>SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION</u>

**Note:** Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG, and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials, and methods of shipping.

A flammable liquid with a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) that does not meet the definition of any other hazard class may be reclassified as a combustible liquid. This provision does not apply to transportation by vessel or aircraft, except where other means of transportation are impracticable.

May be reclassified as not regulated for transport in non-bulk packages having a maximum capacity less than or equal to 450 liters (119 gallons).

Limited quantity for flammable liquids Packing Group III when inner packagings are not over 5.0 liters (1.3 gallons) net capacity each, packed in a strong

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outer packaging.

**USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk** 

Proper Shipping Name Combustible liquid, n.o.s.

 Hazard Class
 Comb liq

 UN
 NA1993

 Packing Group
 III

 NAREG
 Guide #128

Packaging Authorization Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.203; Bulk: 173.241

Packaging Exceptions 49 CFR 173.150

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation) -Non-bulkNOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORTICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORTRID/ADR (Rail Transportation)NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT

# COMBUSTIBLE 3

Placard(s)

Shipping as

# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

# **U. S. Federal Regulations**

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard: This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

EPA Risk Management Planning Standard: This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act: This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:** All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number Not listed

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: Not listed

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Combustible liquid May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Harmful if inhaled

**SARA 313 Information:** None of the components of this product are subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

**SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance:** This material does not contain any substances that are subject to the reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

**SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification:** This material does not contain any substances that are subject to the reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels for hazardous wastes established by CERCLA.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 ozone depletors.

#### Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances.

This product does not contain Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain Toxic Pollutants.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic is classified as oil under Section 311 of the CWA and the Oil Pollution Act (OPA) of 1990.

# **U.S. State Regulations**

# California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

This product contains no chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm in concentrations that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established under Proposition 65.

# **U.S. State Regulations**

# California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

WARNING: Combustion products emitted when this product is burning may contain substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm

## Other U.S. State Inventories

None of the components of this product are listed on any State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists, and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists.

# **Canada**

WHMIS Hazard Classification: No data available

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Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light is listed on the NPRI.

**European Economic Community** 

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 1 (slightly hazardous to water)

**Global Chemical Inventory Lists** 

Country	Inventory Name	Listed
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECI)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>Yes - All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment was not carried out for this product

# **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

## **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**



C = safety glasses, gloves, & apron

## **HMIS Hazard Rating Legend**

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

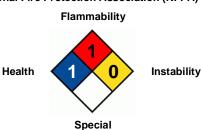
\* = Chronic Health Hazard

#### NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

# National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



# Abbreviation Key

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	$LD_Lo$	Lowest Lethal Dose
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
	the international transport of dangerous goods by road)		
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC <sub>50</sub>	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
	Chemicals (GHS)		
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC <sub>50</sub>	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC <sub>50</sub>	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
$LD_{50}$	50% Lethal Dose		

## **DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY**

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented, and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume damage or expense arising out of or in any way responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS

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No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing or will require registration.

information may not be applicable.

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